CLEAN RESOURCES

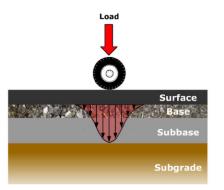
ADVANCED HYDROCARBONS

INNOVATIVE HYDROCARBON PRODUCTS – BITUMEN BEYOND COMBUSTION

Performance Evaluation of Asphalt Mixes Comprised of Asphalt Binder and Asphaltenes Derived from Alberta Oil Sands

The proposed research project is focused on: 1) improving low-temperature properties of high-performance base course comprised of Alberta oil sands-derived asphaltenes-enriched binder using fibers such as Polyethylene terephthalate (PET), which has been shown to be effective in enhancing the low temperature properties of asphalt mixes; and 2) investigating the impact of using reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) on physical and mechanical properties of asphalt emulsion stabilized base course modified using asphaltenes. The proposed project includes a two-year laboratory investigation that will be conducted at the University of Alberta's asphalt laboratory, which has extensive asphalt binder and asphalt mix testing capabilities.





FUNDING DETAILS



RECIPIENT: University of Alberta (Hashemian)



TOTAL BUDGET: \$299,000



PROJECT DATES:
JUN 2021 –

AUG 2023



PARTNERS: None



AI FUNDING:

\$199,000



PROJECT TRL:

Start: 4
Fnd: 6

APPLICATION

This proposed research will investigate and understand the potential use of asphalt and asphaltenes derived from Alberta oil sands bitumen for enhancing asphalt performance used in two different base courses in flexible pavements, including high modulus base course and stabilized base course using asphalt emulsion, building on the findings of our previous research results.

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PROJECT GOALS

The key goals of the project are:

- Improve the low-temperature performance of a highmodulus base course composed of;
- Alberta oil sands-derived asphaltenes-enriched binder by incorporating PET fibers;
- Improve performance properties of the stabilized base course, including asphalt emulsion and RAP, using asphaltenes.

BENEFITS TO ALBERTA

The successful implementation of this technology could result in:

- Improvements in pavement quality and durability, designing pavements with a longer life cycle and lower thickness compared to traditional pavements;
- Reduction in road construction time, pavement thickness and consequently, traffic delays;
- Reduction in road construction cost and natural resources consumption, and greenhouse emissions;
- Commercial use of asphaltenes, a waste material derived from Alberta oil sand bitumen.







CURRENT STATUS

AUG 2022

For research focus 1, a series of rheological testing has been conducted on unmodified and asphaltenes modified binders derived from Alberta Oil Sands. As a result, a modified binder has been designed for high performance asphalt sample fabrication. A mix design has been developed to find the optimum fibre content. For research focus 2, three mix designs have been prepared for modified mixes using asphaltenes and asphalt emulsion with combinations of 100% RAP, 75% RAP and 25% aggregates and 50% RAP and 50% aggregates. Evaluation of performance properties of the mixes at different temperatures is in progress.